

Source: From J. E. Spencer and W. H. Thomas, *Introducing Cultural Geography*. New York: Wiley, 1978, p. 154.

Which one shows a traditional Medieval city?

## Where will you choose to set up?

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### You are a group of Apothecaries

Your job was to mix and sell medicines, making them out of herbs and other ingredients.

As a group you have to decide which of the towns is the best to settle in.



### You are a group of Blacksmiths.

A Blacksmith was a person who made and repaired iron objects, like tools and cooking pots.

As a group you have to decide which of the towns is the best to settle in.



### You are a group of Millers.

A Miller was a person who ground up grain to make flour.

As a group you have to decide which of the towns is the best to settle in.



### You are a group of Masons.

A Mason was a person who used heavy mallets and chisels to cut stone blocks in to shape.

As a group you have to decide which of the towns is the best to settle in.



### You are a group of Goldsmiths.

A Goldsmith was a person who made jewellery. Fine tableware and other precious objects.

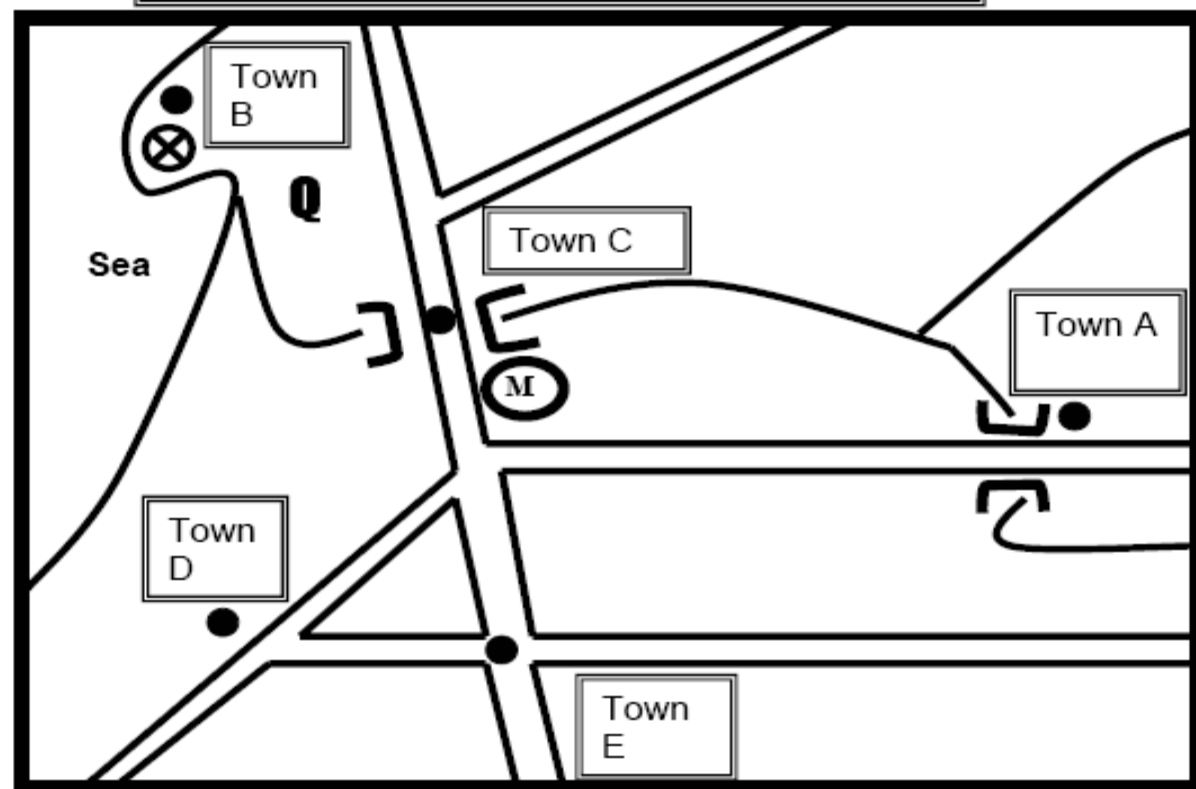
As a group you have to decide which of the towns is the best to settle in.



### You are a Spicer.

A Spicer was a person who sold spices.

As a group you have to decide which of the towns is the best to settle in.



### KEY:

Bridge	Road	Town	Monastery	Castle	River	Quarry

**Town A** is situated near a bridge which crosses a river. It is a small town with a low population. It has a small market held twice a week. It is quite a poor town with little money but it is near a number of villages.

**Town B** is situated on the coast near to the sea. A main feature of the town is its castle. The town is built around the castle which is on a hill overlooking both the coast and inland areas. The town does not have a market, but it does have a number of tradesmen who depend upon the castle for most of their business. It has a medium size population. The town has a quarry nearby.

**Town C** also has a Bridge over the river. Its main feature is a large and important Monastery which is visited by many pilgrims. The town has a small but busy market. The main problem for the town is that it is often affected by disease brought by the pilgrims. This affects trade.

**Town D** is situated in a country area on a main road to other larger settlements. It has a population that changes all the time. A small number of Rich people live in the area and a market is held three times a week. The town is surrounded by flat well watered land. The main problem is that the town is often affected by disease.

**Town E** is situated on a busy crossroads. Many pilgrims and other visitors pass through the town. The population is very small and it only holds a market once a week. It has a large number of small villages nearby who use the town as a point of trade.